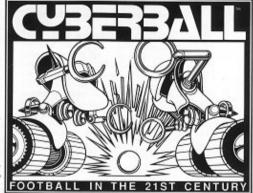
OFFICIAL CYBERBALL PLAYBOOK







GAME INSTRUCTIONS

The Game:

Cyberball: The year is 2022. Robots five times the size of humans, built to withstand the violence and destruction, battle it out in a head to head, metal on metal fight to the finish.

Cyberball is a game for one or two players based loosely on American football. By the 21 st Century all humans have been eliminated from the game and you, as team captain, take control of the robots, selecting from teams like the Los Angeles Assassins and the Dallas Destroyers.

Cyberball Features:

Team captains select Offensive and Defensive plays, timeouts, passes, laterals, blitzes and replacements for weak or demolished players. Highlighted players are controlled by the team captains but watch out for a damaged player who will "Fumble" or explode in possession.

Playing Cyberball:

Control is via joystick or keyboard. First select which team you wish to play. In Offensive Mode-select Running, Passing or Option plays. In a Running Play hand the ball to the Running Back who must then try to dodge the defense. In Passing Plays the receiver must odoge the defense to get to the highlighted passing point so that the guarterback can throw it to him. Option Plays give the team captain a choice of either Running Plays or Passing Plays to select from.

In Defensive Mode the object is to "Sack" (or tackle) the opposition's quarterback before he passes the ball, or when passed, to intercept it. If the receiver catches the ball use your Turbo Boost to try and tackle the receiver. There are three types of defense - Short, Medium or Long which determine how close to the opposition your defenders stand at the beginning of the "olav".

Team captains must then select the type of "play". The play chosen from the display shows the intended path of the players during the "play". Study your selection carefully and get ready for the action.

Cyberball Features:

Touchdowns: Are scored by either crossing the touchline with the ball, or by throwing the ball to your receiver behind the touchline. Defuse Line: Each "play" the ball heats up until the "critical" stage is reached when the ball explodes destroying anyone in possession. During an Offensive Play crossing the defuse line resets the ball to "cool" status.

Breakdowns: If any player is tackled too often while in possession of the ball he becomes unreliable and may explode if tackled again. Replacement is possible only if funds are available. Conversions: These are attempted immediately after touchdowns. Beware! The ball is automatically set to "critical" status.

Two Player Teams: In Offensive mode one player elects to pass, the otherto receive. Both players are highlighted on screen. In Defensive Mode players select which robot to control by pressing fire prior to the "play" starting.

Turbo Boost: Press Turbo Boost on a Defensive Play to speed up for a few seconds. You can only use Turbo Boost once in each "Play", so don't waste it. Controls: Control your robot via joystick or keyboard. Pressing fire selects options on selection screens, passes in Offensive Mode and also Turbo Boost.

16-bit: Keyboard Joystick
Q_Up
A-Down
O-Left
P-Right
Space-Fire
H-Hold/Pause

Joystick
Push Forward-Up
Push Down-Down
Push Left-Left
Push Right-Right
Fire Button-Fire

Kevs 8-bit: Follow on screen instructions.

Gameplay Tips:

Use Turbo Boost to catch up with players. When a player is boosting towards you change direction, if possible, to a diagonal to dodge. Timeouts can give players a chance to think about the "Plays" without the clock ticking down. Experiment with the different types of defense - Long Plays are good for interceptions, Short Defenses are good for sacking

the quarterback. Don't neglect Running Plays in offense, often a large gap opens up for a Running Back to make use of. Remember different players run at different speeds so think before passing! **LOADING**

INSTRUCTIONS

Disk

ATARI ST/AMIGA: Reset machine and insert game disk. IBM PC: Boot machine with system disk. At A> prompt insert game disk and type "CYBER". Follow on screen instructions for graphic card selection. SPECTRUM +3: Place disk in drive and use "LOADER" option from startup menu. COMMODORE 64/128: Type LOAD***,8,1 AMSTRAD: Type RUN*DISC"

SPECTRUM: Type LOAD"" press ENTER, then start tape. COMMODORE 64/1/28: Press Shift and the RUN/STOP key. AMSTRAD: Press CTRL and small ENTER key. If you have a disk drive attached first type I tape. (I is obtained by pressing the shift and <3> keys simultaneously).

VIRUSES:

Many disks returned to us contain viruses causing games to stop loading. Do not accept pirated games as they often contain virus programs which can ruin entire software collections. Always write protect your disks to prevent infection.

KEY EVENTS IN THE EVOLUTION OF CYBERBALL

October, 2006

Commissioner of football hands down decision that Chicago All-Pro linebacker Paul "Bubba" Kwinn's bionically-repaired left knee violates league rules governing artificial player enhancements. Bubba is banned from the league.

August, 2008

League office orders that two Los Angeles players be tested for bionics after numerous protests by opposing teams. Tests reveal QB Rob "Rocky" Rowe (rebuilt right elbow) and wide receiver Doug "Gupper" Snyder (rebuilt right ankle and knee) to be guilty of bionic abuse. Both are banned. **September, 2008**Commissioner reveals plan for random bionic testing to be enforced immediately. Such tests expose numerous violations around the league in the following few weeks.

November, 2015

The league office is disbanded. The owners are now on their own.... In preparation for the playoffs, Pittsburgh introduces the league's first completely cybernetic player. Playing at fullback, model ST32 gains 382 yards rushing in its first game, but loses an arm in the process.

July, 2016 - January, 2018

Pittsburgh's breaking of "the robot barrier" leads to the introduction of robots to play all positions. With the increasingly high salary demands by human players, and the increasing frequency and severity of their injuries, owners contemplate the possibilities of completely robotic teams.

August, 2020

robots.

creasingly durable robots makes this dream a reality as Dallas fields the first all-robotic line-up and demolishes Los Angeles 82-24. The Dallas coaching staff controls all of their team's action from control rooms above the end zones. October, 2020 - December, 2022 Other team owners follow Dallas' example, assembling fully-robotic teams... Billions of dollars are spent on development of bigger and better

The development of highly sophisticated and in-

October, 2008

Players' Union representative John "The Judge" Salwitz pleads with players to support the case of those recently exiled from the game. Amid sagging attendance and a noticeably deteriorating level of play, players agree to a strike which lasts through the remainder of the current season. July, 2009 Under mounting pressure from owners, the league office gives in to the players' demands. The league will grant approval for bionic surgery on a case-bycase basis. Previously banned players are invited

August, 2009 - December, 2014

League office struggles to keep the widespread use of bionics under control, but literally hundreds of surgery cases prove too much to keep track of. Players with as much as 50% of their bodies artificially replaced or enhanced become commonplace.

January, 2022

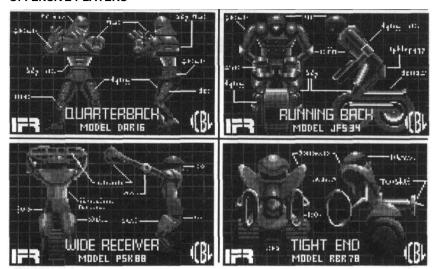
The last human to play the game, Dave "Rocket" Ralston, makes his final appearance, playing wide receiver for Houston. His performance on this day is tragically cut short, however, when he is decapitated by a face-masking violation.

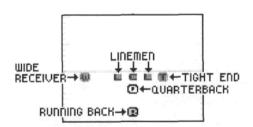
May, 2022

The International Cyberball League (ICBL) is formed.... Its rule book is written, introducing several exciting new elements to the game of football. Most notable of these elements is the acceptance of explosives in the game. August, 2022-?????

Only teams with owners able to continually produce the strongest and most athletically advanced robots survive more than one season.... Fan support for this new sport reaches levels never before seen in professional sports.... Many star "players" are idolized by kids around the world... Some "players" use their immense popularity to vault into new careers as sportscasters and movie stars....

OFFENSIVE PLAYERS

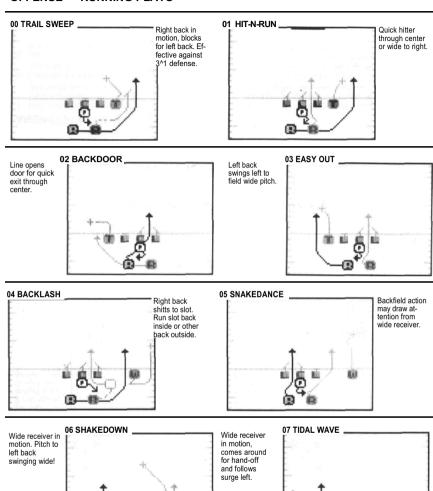


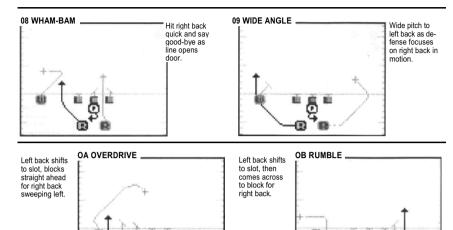


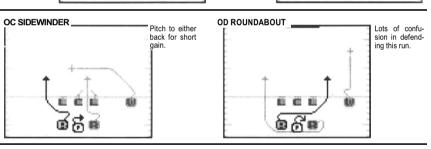
OFFENSIVE TIPS

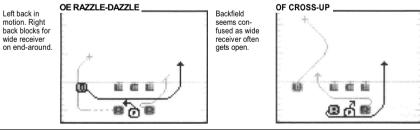
- Use a balanced attack. If you overuse a receiver you will become predictable.
- 2) Run up the center—hard to detect on defense.
- 3) Beware of the blitz...even from non-blitz defenses.
- Don't focus on just one receiver. Look for options as the play develops.
- If it doesn't work the first time, try it again later on. Some of the offenses are complex and need practice.

OFFENSIVE PLAYERS TIPS

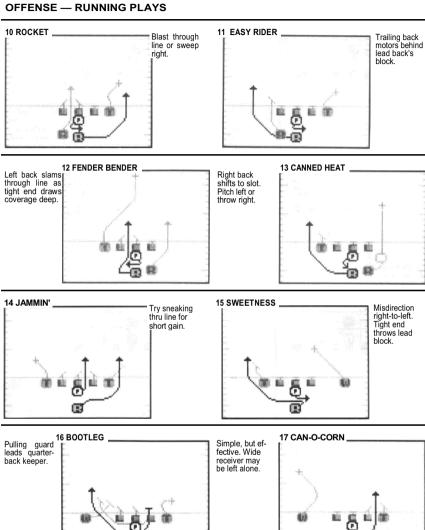




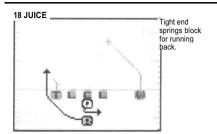


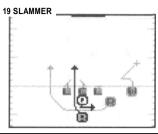


OFFENSE — RUNNING PLAYS



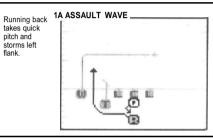
OFFENSE — RUNNING PLAYS



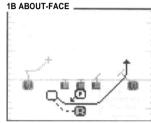


While running backs lock up defense at the line, wide re-ceiver may get open.

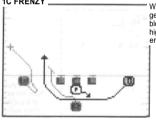




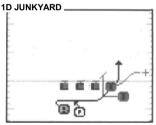
Running back shifts to slot on left, returns around for run to right.



1C FRENZY _

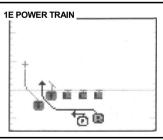


Wide receiver gets plenty of blocking on high-speed end-around.

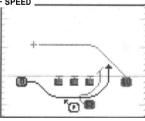


Inside hand-off to running back, or hit tight end for short gain.

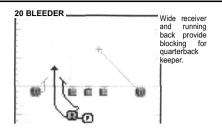
Running back takes inside hand-off, follows flow.

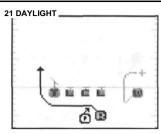


1F SPEED _



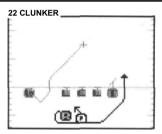
Wide receiver zooms around for inside handoff, follows run-ning back block.

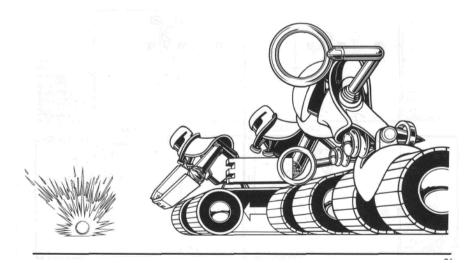


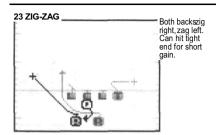


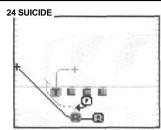
Running back takes inside hand-oft, follows tight end block.

Running back takes backdoor hand-off, follows tight end block.



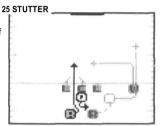






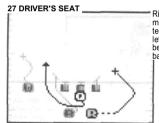
Left back in motion. Keep it, if you dare, or dump off to trailing back.

Right back shifts to slot. Quick hand-off to left back for short gain or watch for right back down sideline.

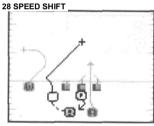




Right back shifts to slot— watch for him over middle.

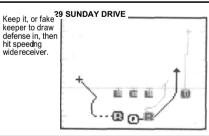


Right back in motion. Quarterback steers left for keeper behind left back's block.

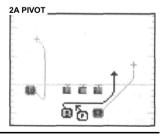


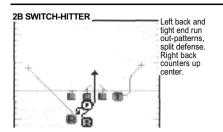
Left back shifts to slot. Mid-field attack by air or ground.

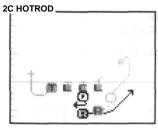
defense in, then hit speeding wide receiver.



Wide receiver fakes end-around. Inside pitch to left back.

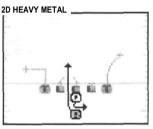




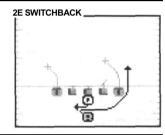


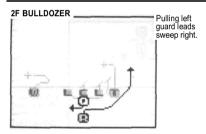
Right back shifts to slot. Pitch to leftack as he follows for sweep.

Rock left for quick hand-off, or roll right for short pass to either tight end.



Running back counters right against flow left.

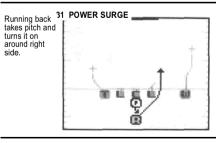




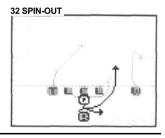
30 AFTERBURNER

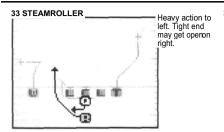
Wide receiver draws cover-age. Watch for running back to be open.

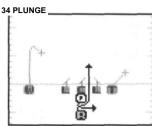
side.



Running back pivots to take hand-off and follow pulling guard's blocking.

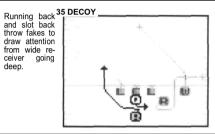




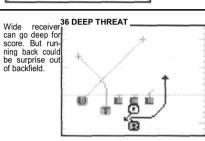


Quick dive for short gainer.

from wide receiver aoina deep.

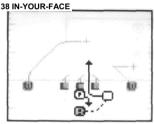


be surprise out of backfield.



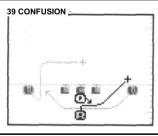
37 TIP-TOE

Running back shifts to slot. Quarterback sneaks around behind his block.

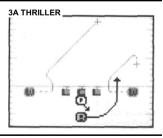


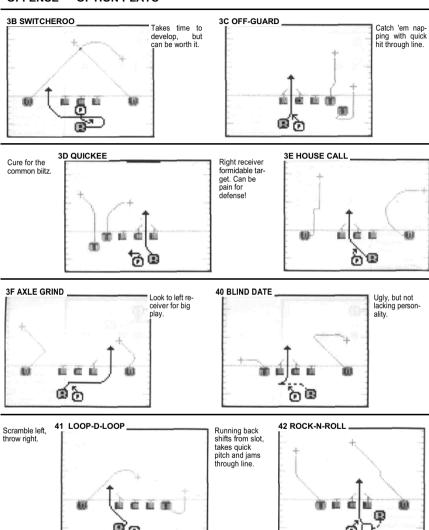
Running back shifts to slot, takes quick hand-off and punches through line. Can cause em-barrassment for defense!

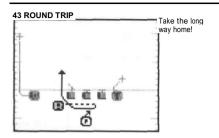
Pass to running back, or pitch to wide receiver flying back around. Sure to confuse.

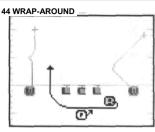


Double motion. Deep pattern by left receiver opens up cov-erage, creates excitement.



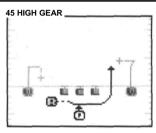




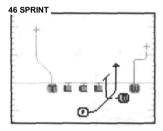


Running back curls back for inside hand-off as receivers spread defense to corners.

Running back in motion, takes inside hand-off and accelerates around corner.



Wide receiver in motion from slot, throws lead block for quarterback keeper.



47 EXPRESSWAY

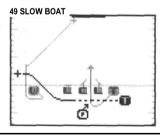
High-speed action—merge with caution!

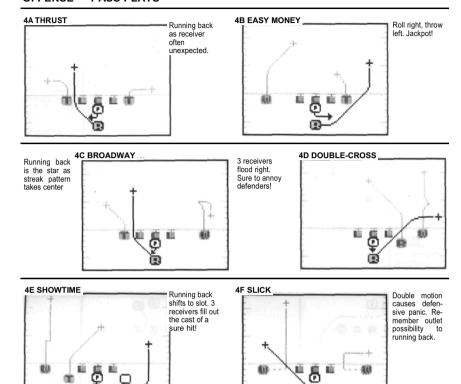
⁵①

48 JET

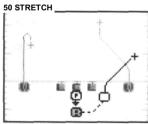
Wide receiver in motion, screams thru for inside hand-off.

Tight end in motion. Hit other tight end for shot through line, or wait for wide receiver sailing deep.

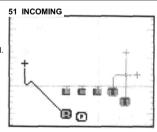


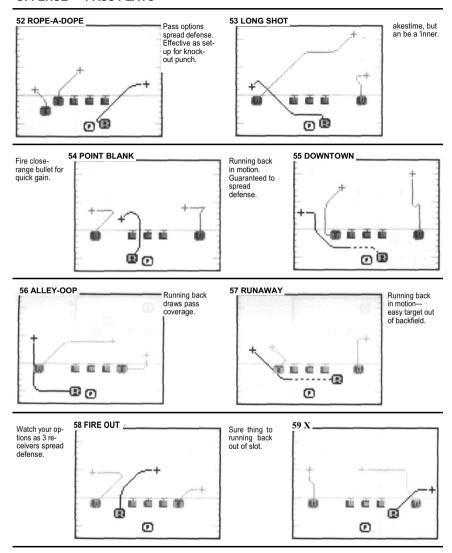




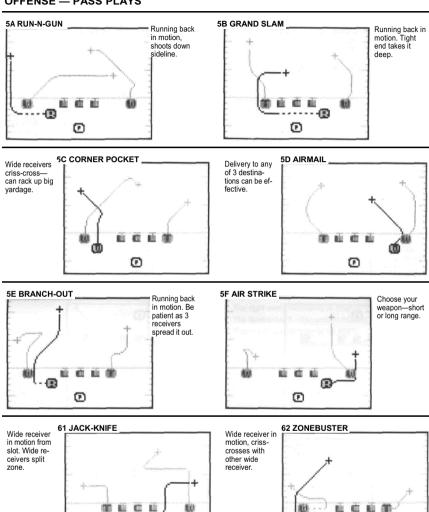


As tight ends create confusion, watch for running back outofbackfield.





OFFENSE — PASS PLAYS



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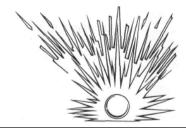
63 AIR ATTACK	Balanced long- range bom- bardment.	64 LAUNCHING PAD	2 receivers take off deep, 3rd provides escape hatch on left.
Twin deep receivers give deep zone plenty of action.	R	Quick shot to wide receiver pr wait for more dangerous pass to tightend.	

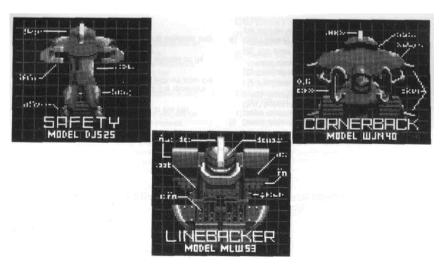
67 MAIL DROP

Aerial delivery to any of 3 speedy receivers.

Did you know ...?

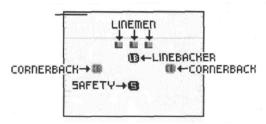
- The tight end's nickname at Atari is "the frog."
- The linebacker's nickname at Atari is "the turkey."
- · The most popular play is "SLICK"!
- The robots in Cyberball are approximately 20 feet tall and 8 feet wide. They weigh 1500 to 2000 pounds each. Average cost: \$1,250,000.
- The ball used in Cyberball is made up of 350 pounds of steel and highly-explosive material. It measures 3 feet in diameter.
- There are no penalties or referees in Cyberball.
 League rules state that all robots must be programmed to avoid infractions.
- An invisible force-field protects Cyberball fans from errant passes, exploding balls, and flying pieces of exploding players.





DEFENSIVE PLAYERS

DEFENSIVE PLAYERS TIPS



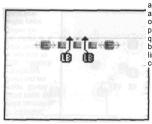
DEFENSIVE TIPS

- 1) Save your timeouts and use them in the 6th period if you are behind.
- Keep defensive backs downfield of the receivers in pass coverage...then go for the pick-off after the ball is thrown
- 3) Mix up your defenses-keeps the offense on its toes.
- 4) Try faking a blitz by pulling a blitzing defender into pass coverage.

Drone defenders can boost more than once, but player-controlled defenders can only boost once. Don't boost until you are sure of where the ball is going. Boost when:

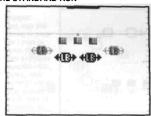
- (1) You have a "bead" on the ball carrier.
- (2) The ball is passed to the opposite side of the field, away from you.
- (3) You want to surprise the quarterback in a blitz. Don't defend the previous play! Try to predict what the offense will do!

1:1 GOAL LINE



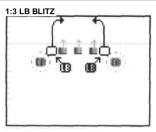
Highly effective against Running and Option offenses. Lots of pressure on quarterback in both. Pull linebacker to cover pass.

1:2 STANDARD RUN

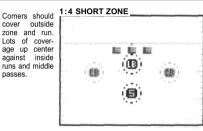


Corners will string out outside run, but need help from linebackers to shut the run down, Excellent coverage on inside run. Nice flexability in 2playergame.

Tons of pressure from outside on quarterback. Should shut down outside run. Quite vulnerable against inside run and short pass. Don't overuse.

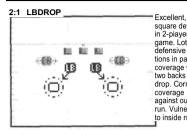


cover outside zone and run. Lots of coverage up center against inside runs and middle passes.

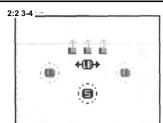


DEFENSE — SHORT PLAYS

DEFENSE — MEDIUM PLAYS

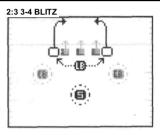


square defense in 2-piayer game. Lots of defensive options in pass coverage with two backs in drop. Corner coverage against outside run. Vulnerable to inside run.

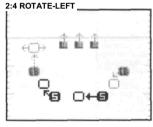


Good defense with "WARM" ball and long yardage. Balanced coverage against runand pass. Should shut down most medium plays.

Puts pressure on backfield while providing some pass coverage. Shuts down run on the blitzing side. Lineback-er will blitz to weak side. Play the safety or a corner for better pass coverage.



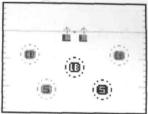
Puts added pressure on "long" side of field. Forces offense to run on "short" side. {"Rotate-right" also available when appropriate.) Lots of speed in backfield with two safeties.



3:1 ZONE min min min

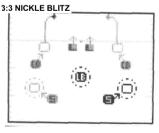
Square defense works well in 2player game. Lots of coverage on outside forces passes to inside. The three linemen provide pass pressure.





Bread-and-butter against the pass. Moving the linebacker left or right provides extra coverage needed. Use defense against "pass only" players. Blitz one of the corners when offense is in shotgun!

Two blitzina corners create headaches for quarterback. Vulnerable to short outside passes but great against longer passes. Corners make outside runs tough.



Perfect defense against "HOT" and long or "CRITICAL" and long. Bring linebacker forward to cover against shorter plays.

